

Annual Report 2021



NNSWA

Nepal National Social Welfare Association
Airport Road, Bheemdatt Municipality-18
Kanchanpur, Sudur Paschim Province, Nepal

Email: mnsa06@ntc.net.np

Website: www.nnsa.org.np

Phone: +977-99-522182

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1. Acronyms:

AIDS	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome
ACF	Action Contre la Faim (Against Action for Hunger)
BCC	Behavior Change Communication
CDMC	Community Disaster Management Committee
CSO	Civil Society Organization
CBO	Community Based Organization
CSEB	Compressed Stabilized Earth Bricks
CVA	Cash and Voucher Assistant
CCA	Climate Change and Adaptation
CNF	Community Nutrition Facilitator
CBRF	Community Based Rehabilitation Facilitator
CLT	Community Led Testing
DID	Disability Inclusive Development
DERF	Disaster and Emergency Response Fund
DCA	Dan Church Aid
DRRM	Disaster Risk Reduction and Management
DLSA	District Lead Support Agencies
DPO	Disability People's Organization
DPAC	District Project Advisory Committee
DCNK	Dalit Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra
EC	European Commission
EU	European Union
FHI360	Family Health International 360
FCHVs	Female Health Volunteers
GCP	Ground Crossing Point
HR	Humanitarian Response
HKI	Helen Keller International
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HMG	Healthy Mother Group
HO	Health Office
IDUs	Injecting Drug Users
LPEP	Leprosy People Elevation Program
LDCRP	Local level Disaster Community Response Plan
MOWCSC	Ministry of Women Children and Senior Citizen
MNF	Municipality Nutrition Facilitator
NNSWA	Nepal National Social Welfare Association
Nexus	Name of Project
PLHIV	People Living with HIV
PWDs	People Living with Disability
PWIDs	People with Injecting Drug users
SMT	Senior Management Team
SAPHAL	Sustainable Agriculture Promotion for Humanitarian Assist & livelihood
TB	Tuberculosis Bronchitis
UTHAN	A Project
UDRRM	Urban Disaster Risk Reduction and Management
USAID	United State American International Department
VCA	Vulnerability Capacity Assessment
3D	Dalit, Disable and Deprived

2. Foreword:

It is giving us a pleasant experience to delegate various community development interventions to the 3D communities (Dalit, Disable and Deprived) for their holistic development with the close partnership with the funding and technical partners from 1990 till date.

The Sudur Paschim and Karnali Provinces are categorized in poor development indicators and marginalized communities are facing vast disparities among the historically discriminated communities, people with disability, women and children, infected and affected with HIV and Leprosy in the community. Therefore, NNSWA has been implementing almost all project interventions in community level targeting to the most marginalized communities. NNSWA is a most widely-awakened and experienced organization for community development socially, educationally, economically, politically and is accountable for all the aspects of active citizen building for the nation. The meaningful participation from the 3D community is important for the national development where all governing system is in a way to good governance and through which people will enjoy all the legal and public services from all the levels of Government.

NNSWA claims an endeavor that most of areas had been contributing to make community aware by participated and claiming their rights and expressing of their voices through the various mediums. More than 20,000 persons with disabilities have been receiving physical rehabilitation services from the NNSWA Physical Rehabilitation Center. Similarly, an effort has been made for liberating of ex-Kamaiya, ex-Kamlahari and rehabilitating them through different advocacy, lobbying and supporting projects for their development. Free Kamaiya and Free Kamlahari movement and Poverty Alleviation Program for livelihood development are a few examples. NNSWA, a pioneer organization, started HIV and AIDS awareness project in 1993 and now implementing various interventions as personally reaching the community, diagnosing and enrolling them for treatment in order to save the lives of the PLHIVs. Likewise NNSWA has been initiating a program to stop transferring leprosy in Sudur Paschim Province with first dose of Rifampicin medicine to control its spread.

NNSWA has been implementing the Climate Change and DRR intervention in various risk observed locations to mitigate and prepare communities to resilient for the climate change and DRR impacts. To make sustainable agriculture with new farming technologies, NNSWA has been implementing the ecological farming system at community level with the close coordination and collaboration with local government, community and private sectors.

NNSWA will be continually implementing the projects in future, focusing on need based development in the community level with quality services and new technological with community mobilizing approaches by collaborating with the other development workers, professionals, provincial and local government, privet sectors and communities with full

potentialities. NNSWA will emphasize more for ecological agriculture farming, on-farm, off-farm and none-farm intervention, disaster risk reduction (DRR), humanitarian response (HR), health and nutrition, none communicable diseases, HIV, TB, Leprosy, physical rehabilitation for disability services, inclusive development and governance, school and none school based education, advocacy for the right holders and lobby will be continued as NNSWA's 3D working principle.

NNSWA is capable for all these efforts together with many other development support actors joining hand with the organization for making an equitable society in Nepal. Therefore, I would like to express my big thanks to all the funding and technical partners, national, provincial and local government, communities, private sectors, all employee of the organization from the core of my heart.

With Regards,

Ashok Bikram Jairu
Executive Director &
Founder President
NNSWA

3. Acknowledgement

NNSWA had been implementing the various projects in collaboration, coordination and participation with the local governments, private sectors, community and many consultancies in year 2021. The Project faced lockdown situation and government announced many proposed activities to postpone due to outbreak of Corona virus in the community level. The hospitals were facing problem to manage the mass with limited health facilities and the positive cases were increasing day by day. The huge population was returning home from the India and other countries and Local Government (Municipalities) were engaged for managing the returning people in quarantine with food, treatment and other essential materials. We all faced threats of COVID 19 in first phase, second phase (Delta variant) and third phase as Omicron variant till dates.

Despite psychological pressure in mind, NNSWA was able to implement all the planned activities in year 2021. The projects (SAPHAL, UTHAN, DERF, UDRRM Nexus, Gift Fund, Act Alliance Response to Pandemic, HIV/TB Migrant, PWIDs, DID, Stop Leprosy, Physical Rehabilitation Activity Service) were implemented smoothly in community level with some of the revision in activities that focused to response to the COVID 19. NNSWA believe without cooperation, coordination and collaborative actions, all the planned activities might not be completed by NNSWA within time and the community people did not benefited. To achieve all these objectives of the projects and implementing in the targeted locations there were vital role of many individuals, groups, communities, networking, organizations, local government, private sectors, civil societies and technical and financial funding partners are the major actors for successful performance of the projects.

Therefore, with due respect NNSWA acknowledges and would like to express our thanks to all the funding partners; MOWCSC, Local Government, DAN-CHURCH AID, Save the Children/Goble Fund, Family Health International (FHI 360), Hellene Keller International (HKI), Handicap International (HI), Netherlands Leprosy Relief (NLR), ACF (Stand by Partner for DRRM), EC, EU and USAID for their financial and technical supports.

We extend our thanks to the all Municipalities in Sudur Paschim Province, Provincial Government, Health Facilities, journalist, suppliers, other line agencies and well wishers for their cooperation and collaboration for the project implementation. We express our thanks to the all-targeted community groups, networking, cooperatives and Community Disaster Management Communities (CDMCs) for their participation for the projects implementation. At the last but not least, NNSWA would like to thank you for the NNSWA Executive Board, SMT members, all the employees of organization for their hard work and quality performance and appropriate decision towards the project management and implementation.

Once again thank you to all,

NNSWA

4. Executive Summary:

NNSWA is an organization which has been carrying out integrated community development projects in Sudur Paschim Province since 1990. Despite enhancing the capacity of marginalized group of the communities more than 100 projects were implemented continuously like health (HIV & AIDS, Disability and stop leprosy transfer), nutrition, climate change, DRR and humanitarian response, livelihood skills, economic empowerment and inclusive development, good governance, CSOs organizational development and rights of the excluded and marginalized communities included women, children, PLHIVs, People affected with Leprosy, People with Disability and Dalits are focused areas of the intervention.

In the year 2021, NNSWA implemented 15 projects directly in the community of Sudur Paschim Province. The year was focused for Resilient and sustainable Livelihoods, DRR, Climate Change/Ecological Agriculture farming, strengthening the community groups, networking, cooperatives and response to the COVID 19 pandemic were the major intervention of the organization.

Strengthening the Women Led Cooperatives, establishing CCA/DRR learning Center and formation and execution of Multi Sectoral Platform in Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality, Introducing the Compressed Stabilized Earth Bricks (CSEB), Tunnel and ecological based Vegetable farming, action research on tomato by community, introducing cash voucher assistant (CVA) support mechanism, cash support through IME for COVID 19 impacted business persons and marginalized groups Rs. 20,000.00 to Rs. 4,500.00, support to flood victims (NIF, Food, wheat seeds and Fertilizer), support human resources at ground crossing point (Gaddachauki) for COVID 19 response, awareness (PSA, Jingle) raising on COVID 19 through local radio and Mass Media, support of health protecting equipment (Mask, Sanitizer, hand washing station, electronic sanitizing machine and health hygiene kits), using riverside land for “Bagar to Bagaicha” approaches and strengthening local level community structures (CDMCs, LSR communities), support to Belauri Municipality for development guideline on Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra and execution, support the Bheemdatt Municipality for identifying open space in ward no. 4 and 18, CVA, fire, forecast based warning system guideline, CCA/DRR profile and project bank are the most remarkable activities done in year 2021. Promoting Green Fund establishing and commitment from the local government (Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality) is one of the good initiations to reducing the environmental pollution in the communities. CSEB, organic farming, reducing using of firewood burning bricks are some the examples.

First Kanchanpur Sammelan is one of the most creative events was in year 2021. Bheemdatt Municipality has taken a roll of organizer and all technical and financial support made by the NNSWA. An effort for uniting the all-local government (all Municipalities of Kanchanpur) to join their hand together for working on CCA and DRRM issues for Readiness, Response and Rehabilitation for making resilient community on CCA/DRR where required.

NNSWA as DLSA (District Lead Support Agency) in Kanchanpur has been supporting to the District Disaster Management Committee (DDMC) for managing meetings, reviewing and developing DPRP and other support mechanism to manage active participation of the DRR cluster in district are the responsibilities and performed actively. According to the DDMC direction and necessary requirements, NNSWA has been supporting DRR related materials and COVID 19 protective health equipment as per needs.

NNSWA as development partner of the government at all stage always stands with possible technologies and resources to mitigate the extreme inequality, poverty, inhumanity and response to save the life of marginalized community today and tomorrow.

We believe that the future will be brighter with peace, smart climate adaptation and resilient community for the CCA/DDR, all forms of discrimination and hunger free society, free from inhumanity with full of dignity and an equitable society will be exist.

NNSWA
Kanchanpur, Sudur Paschim Province
Nepal

5. Introduction:

This is NNSWA annual report 2021 which covers all the projects that NNSWA had implemented in 2021. The report includes brief introduction of the organization, all projects' plan and achievement, financial income and expenditure, summary of quantitative beneficiaries' data information, other NNSWA's regular activities, lesson learned and list of supporting partners.

The report describes the implemented projects in 2021 such as SAPHAL, UTHAN, Nexus, UDRRM, COVID 19 Response Act Alliance, DERF, and Gift Catalogues which were conducted in partnership with the DCA Nepal implemented in Kanchanpur district. HIV/TB Project for Migrant and their Spouses project conducted in partnership with Save the Children/Global Fund implemented in Kanchanpur and Kailali districts. HIV and AIDS harm Reduction for People with Injecting Drug Users project conducted in partnering with Save the Children/Global Fund implemented in Kanchanpur, Kailali and Surkhet districts. EpiC Nepal Project was focused for HIV and AIDS to Key Population in partnership with FHI360/USAID implemented in Kanchanpur and Kailali districts.

Suaahara 2, project for 1000 days mothers in partnership with Helene Keller International/USAID was implemented in Kanchanpur district. PRA (Physical Rehabilitation Activity) project was for People with Disability conducted in partnership with Handicap International/USAID was implemented in all the 9 districts of the Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal, Inclusive Development Project for good governance work together with Municipalities in Kanchanpur and Kailali district and Stop Leprosy Transforming project is in partnership with Netherlands Relief (NLR) implemented in all of the 9 district of Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal.

All together 15 projects were implemented by the NNSWA in 2021 are describing in this annual report. NNSWA compiled all the qualitative and data information as recorded separately by the project team (Project Coordinators and M&Es) and provide for the compilation as annual report of 2021 in central office of Kanchanpur. The photographs used in the report were shared by the project team and photo credits go to each project team of the NNSWA.

NNSWA used to develop a separate annual report of every project implemented in previous years. From year 2021, organization has initiated a compiled report of the all implemented projects. Organization believes that the compiled annual report will be continued to be published in every year as culture of the organization. However, a separate report will be continued and submitted to the funding partner as partners required.

6. Background of the Organization:

Nepal National Social Welfare Association (NNSWA) was established in 1990. In 1994, NNSWA registered it with the District Administration Office Kanchanpur and affiliated to Social Welfare Council Kathmandu. NNSWA has grown over the years, implementing various integrated community-based development programs and being one of the leading community development organizations in Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal.

NNSWA is led by historically excluded community people with democratic values and practices. The Executive Committee is legally constituted body responsible for providing strategic and policy direction to the organization. To implement the projects and operating all interventions a senior management committee (SMT) is formed involving all project coordinators, finance and representatives of Executive Board coordinating by the Executive Director is responsible for the all management in the NNSWA. NNSWA has its own office building having sufficient rooms and training hall at Bheemdatt Municipality-18 in Kanchanpur district.

Vision of NNSWA: NNSWA strives towards an equitable society.

Mission of NNSWA: NNSWA which is committed to empower and ensure the social rights of the 3D people (Deprived, Dalit, and Disable).

Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal constitutes for NNSWA's core program areas. The districts of Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal are characterized by poor developmental indicators, high levels of male migration to India, poor infrastructure, vast caste and gender disparities and extensive deforestation caused disasters are providing NNSWA a rationale for its work in the province.

NNSWA's program activities are organized in six (6) Program areas as following.

Education	1. Early Childhood 5. Business Literacy	2. Basic Education 6. OSCE	3. -BLOP 7. Reflect Circle	4. -Parental Education
Health/ Hygiene	1. School Health and Nutrition 5. COVID-19	2. Nutrition 6. WASH	3. HIV/AIDS/TB/IDUs 7. Leprosy	4. Physical Rehabilitation (Disability)
CCA/ DRR/HR	1. Ecological Agriculture Farming 4. CDMCs formation and Strahtening 6. River belt Plantation	2. Technology (Drip Irrigation, Tunnel etc.) 5. Small Scale Mitigation (Bio-Engineering)	3. Agri farming Inputs (Seeds, Saplings) 7. DRR Response and Rehabilitation 8. Humanitarian Response	9. Work as DLSA
Livelihood	1. Vegetable farming 5. Action Research (Community Level) on Farming 8. Agri production collection center and Market Promotion	2. Animal Husbandry (Goad, Pig, Poultry, Duck) 6. Green Farming 9. Agriculture Ambulance	3. Rice Duck/Fish Farming 7. On Farm, Off Farm and None Farm interventions 10. Group/Cooperative Strengthening	4. Fish Farming
Organizational Development (OD)	1. Civil Society Capacity Building Procedure Formulations, review and updates Support	2. Organizational Development 4. Support to Proposal Writing and Civil Society Strengthening Support	3. Support to Civil Society for Policy	
Advocacy	Advocacy for; RTI, RTF, RTE and Green Farming, CCA, Policy implementation and localization			

NNSWA has been working in Sudur Paschim Province, Province five and Karnali Province of Nepal. Currently, NNSWA is providing its various services such as community economic

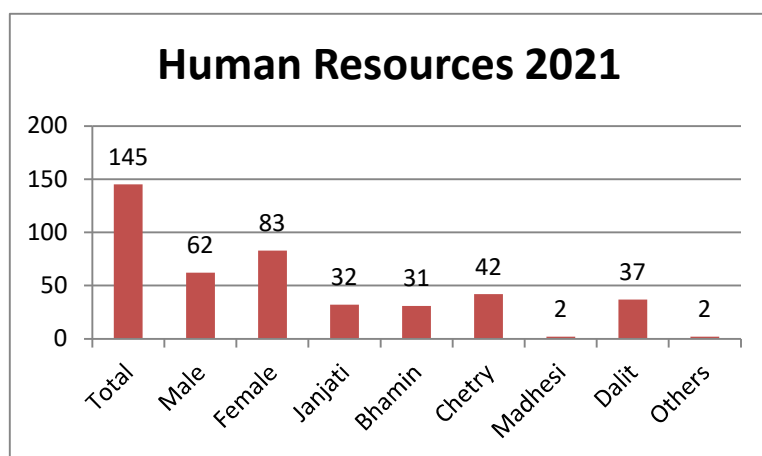
development interventions, physical rehabilitation services for people with disability, Livelihood Development activities, Climate Change Adaptation, Humanitarian Response/DRRM, Active Citizenship, Empowering the Women and Youths for Economic Development, Human Rights and Civil Society Capacity Building in the 3 provinces of Nepal directly and indirectly.

These projects and programs are mostly implemented through its skilled and trained human resources and other helping committee formed by NNSWA or through collaborative partnerships in the district locally.

The staff in is diversified combination with all caste and ethnic community and giving high value for the female inclusion respecting with GESI. In 2021; NNSWA had 145 paid full-time staff among them 83 were females.

NNSWA has been applying diversified staff recruitment policy and providing equal opportunity in all recruitment for the projects.

Applying GESI standard the female portion of the staff is 57.25% and male staff is 42.76%. Similarly, Janjatis are 22.07%, Brahmins are 21.38%, Chhetris are 28.97%, Dalits are 25.52%, Madhesi are 1.38% and others (Dashnami) are 1.38% as in NNSWA as project full-time staff. Among all staff there are 3 members are from PwDs and 4 from the PLHIVs.



In order to implement the project's activities NNSWA has one central office in Bheemdatt Municipality-18 of Kanchanpur district and five other project offices are located two in Kailali (Epic Nepal and Migrant/PWIDs project), one in Belauri Municipality (UTHAN/SAPHAL Project), one in Kanchanpur (PWIDs project) and one in Surkhet (PWIDs).

To making coordination and collaboration intervention among the Municipalities one staff is deputed in Dadeldhura district who looks after overall coordination in Sudur Paschim Province. Some paid volunteers are supporting to the NNSWA in Bajhang, Achham, Bajura and Darchula districts as event basis payment system.

The Physical Rehabilitation Staff move to the other province and districts on call basis for the Disability Services basically in Sudur Paschim and Karnali Province. The Civil Society in the Municipality level,

Local Government (Municipalities) and Provincial Level Governments are the most reliable sources to provide Physical Rehabilitation Services to the PwDs with the cost recovery approaches of NNSWA.

Worldwide COVID 19 Pandemic creates major difficulties to achieve all the planned intervention Vs implementation in the community. However, most of the planned activities were completed taking health protective measures during the first and second phase COVID 19 pandemics. Most of the staff were contacted with COVID 19 and recovered but we lost the one staff named Mr. Niraj Chataut working under PWIDs project in Kailali.

The Executive Board of NNSWA is monitoring the project activities in the field level basically on a quarterly basis. There is work division among the members for the particular project who should monitor or support the project team for implementation in the field. Similarly, the responsible teams of Executive Board share their finding to the monthly board meeting and during the SMT and all staff meeting where projects are required to be improved or more efforts to be required.

7. Projects Implemented in 2021

In 2021, NNSWA had implemented 11 Projects under the partnership with INGOs and government entities (Central Ministry, Province, and Local Government) in Sudur Paschim and Karnali Province. This section will describe the project intervention and achievements during this fiscal year 2021. Following were the implemented projects and achievements in 2021.

1. SAPHAL (Sustainable Agriculture Promotion for Humanitarian Assist & livelihood) Project:

SAPHAL project was implemented in Belauri Municipality and few wards of Laljhadi Rural Municipality combining with Livelihoods, DRRM and Active Citizenships. The project was continued from the 2017 to 2021 after completion of Resilient Livelihoods & Sustainable Food Security focusing to the flood affected and freed Kamaiya, Dalits, small landholders and other marginalized communities in the Municipalities. About 2906 HHs were covered from the projects.



Worked with

Community: 81 Groups, Agriculture/S&C: 19, Fishery Groups: 5, Banana farm groups – 4, Bio flock -3, CSEB -3, CDMC: 15, Cooperatives: 3, Cooperative member- 1040 (1018 f, 22 M), CSO's -40
Active Citizenship coverage all ward of Belauri municipality
Dalit Networks: 11, Women Network: 11 in Wards Level and Municipality Level 2

Outcome 1.
Increased income and food production of Poor and marginalised group

Outcome 2.
Enhanced community capacity on climate change adaptation and HR/ Urban DRR interventions.

Outcome 3.
Capacitated community leader on public policy, social capital and political rights.

Target Communities: Freed Kamaiya, Tharu Community, Dalits and Small Landholder Farmers

Project Goal:

To improve livelihoods of marginalized and poor communities by promoting business-based agriculture practices focusing on increasing climate resilience capacities.

Intervention under Outcome 1:

Livelihood/Climate Change and Adaptation; The major problem of the people in the target areas is lack of economic opportunity among the target communities. Therefore, the Project had focused on income generation opportunities through agriculture-based business farming. On Farm, Off Farm and None Farm interventions were introduced through group approaches. Seasonal, off-seasonal vegetable farming, promoting cash crops farming by group farmer approaches basically and enhancing modern technology and skill for Poly House/tunnel farming, mulching farming, drip irrigation, canal irrigation using solar power, CSEB production, mass onion farming, mushroom farming, duck with rice farming, fish with rice farming were grown by the targeted communities. The saving and credit, agriculture farming, mushroom farming groups are merging with the cooperatives one in ward no. 3 and one in ward no. 5 of Belauri Municipality. The cooperative was promoted as production collection center where all groups and individuals could sell their production as group members. The Collection centers sold all the collected production to the nearby market such as Dhangadi and Mahendranagar. Now the farmers are engaging with commercial propose of vegetables, other cash crops mass onion farming, fish and mushroom farming with business motives of ecological farming technologies.



Duck with Rice Farming



Vegetable Farming (Tunnel)



Vegetable Farming

Intervention under Outcome 2:

Disaster Risk Reduction and Management; NNSWA formed 16 CDMC (Community Disaster Management Committee) in ward no. 3 and 5 of Belauri Municipality. Under the 16 CDMCs there were 48 Task Force groups with the role of EWs, First aid and investigation/rescue. Each CDMC had at least 25 members. There were 445 (Male: 247 Female: 198) individuals from different vulnerable community members were involved directly. The task force had implemented DRR intervention under the guidance of CDMCs.

Similarly, these groups actively participated on various Climate change and Adaptation action and Disaster Preparedness activities such as river belt vegetable farming that supported for small scale mitigation action, participating and encourage to community for Riverside Bio engineering, creating and establishing Emergency Fund for emergency response during crisis, participating for capacity building trainings, mock drill exercise, participating for conducting vulnerable capacity assessment (VCA), advocacy to local government for allocating fund to DRRM interventions.

Project engaged to migrant returnees' youth for income generating intervention of CSEB (Compressed Stabilized Earth Bricks). This was an introductory intervention which may support to the youth for income and also supported the reduction of carbon as pollutant. This project is promoting less or 'Zero' Emerson of carbon to protect from climate pollution.

COVID -19 Response; under the humanitarian response NNSA had been supporting to the local government, community people to response to the COVID 19 during both first and second phase in Kanchanpur district.



River Belt Farming



Bio-Engineering



CSEB (Cement System Enter Lock Brick)



To manage quarantine and isolation centers in Municipality level, at India and Nepal border based holding centers, more than 5000 HHs received foodstuffs at community level during long lockdown and supported of health protective equipment (*Sanitizers, Gloves, Mask, Face silt, Oxygen cylinder set, Oximeter, Infrared thermometer, Mosquito net, Cardio Monitor for Emergency ward, ECG Machine, Electric Oxygen Converter machine, varix etc.*) to the health facilities in the Municipalities and front liner were supported by the NNSWA.



Foodstuff, Hygiene Kit Supports

Similarly, NNSWA had supported 450 hygiene kits and nutritious food to the COVID positive home isolated persons, human resources support to the local government, established COVID 19 help desk at Municipality level were the major activities done under the COVID 19 response. To create awareness, MASK UP and Vaccination campaigning were implemented with the close involvement of local government and local networking in Municipality level. Organization had provided the COVID 19 awareness through FM Radios, Mobilizing Mass Medias (FACEBOOK) and installation of the hoarding board for messaging in the community in regular basis.



NNSWA as district lead support agency (DLSA) in Kanchanpur had been supporting to the DDMC/DCCMC in regular basis and arranging the support as required by joining hand with all supporting agencies responding to COVID 19.

Hygiene Kit

Flood Response; NNSWA had supported to the flood affected HHs in Dodhara Chadni Municipality during flash flooding of Mahakali River occurred on 17 to 19 October 2021. About 1200 HHs were affected from the flash flood. Most of HHs lost their grains and utensils during the flood. Therefore, NNSWA organized none food item supports to the 700 HHs in ward no. 8, 9 and 10 of Dodhara Chadni Municipality, Kanchanpur. As necessity for community and requested by Dodhara Chadni Municipality, NNSWA supported wheat seed, fertilizer and other Agro-Inputs to the 650 HHs through Cash and Voucher Assistant (CVA) support mechanism.



None Food Item Supports

The CVA has listed wheat seed, fertilizer, vegetable seed, other food items and agriculture farming equipment and CVA receiver could buy the items as written in CVA. CVA cost values was NRs. 4500.00 so that they could get items as their choices from the vender locally.

NNSWA and Municipality had jointly selected the venders locally and Municipality authority monitored all the items as recommended by the Nepal Government's concerned agriculture department. People could also choose item as their interest.



Cash Voucher Assistant Supports

Intervention under Outcome 3:

Strengthening Dalit and Women Networking;

Project had encouraged the community people to join hand for their own development and networks were formed from ward to Municipality level in Belaury Municipality called Dalit Network and Women Network. Altogether 98 members are united with Dalit Networking and 131 women are united with women networking. These networking discussed about their problems and needs for developmental aspects. These networking are actively worked during the seven (7) step local government planning process and advocate for budget planning as their development in their community. Similarly, these networking have been helped to the community for any disputes and discriminated issues at their territories with arbitration. These Networking members are also shareholder for the cooperatives which were led by women.



Dalit and women networking

Dalit Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra; Dalit Networking of Belaury had advocated to the Belaury Municipality and Municipality had agreed to establish and develop the working guideline for the Dalit Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra which was supported and facilitated by the NNSWA. As Dalit communities were facing untouchability and caste-based discrimination in the Municipality, this guideline could be help to the Municipality to stop the forms of caste-based untouchability and discrimination. The committee of Dalit Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra (DCNK) will be formed and required human resources will be managed by the Municipality



Dalit Chhuwachhut Nigrani Kendra
Operating Guideline Developing

Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari; NNSWA initiated a Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari where all the community people could interact with each other about any problematic issues, development or any issues that related to the community and as whole Municipality or Nation. A facilitator encouraged to the participants for sharing their issues where all participants interacted and came with the solution point. Facilitators also shared about the government scheme how they could benefit from the scheme of government. If any development issue were raised in the community that was advocated and shared to the local government for better getting solution.



Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari

During the ward level Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari, ward president and members were participated and interacted among the participants about their development plan, budgets and implementing process. Similarly, during the Municipality level Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari Mayor and Deputy Mayor participated and listed all the issues, obstacles and demand of the communities. A remarkable achievement (One example from many others) of the Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari was, Belauri Municipality has launched a vehicle for the transportation of green vegetable from the farm to the market which was demanded during the Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari and the mayor had accepted.

Fish Farming; Southern belt of the Kanchanpur was developed as Fish Zone by the Government and most of farmers and community were involved intensively in fish farming. NNSWA had also supported to the marginalized community for fish farming in group approaches. The fish farming is farmed in natural ponds and lowland where water is locked. NNSWA has supported to four fishponds developing and fishpond repairing including fish (seeds). About 300 HHs from the marginalized communities are involving for fish farming and benefited. NNSWA has also introduced fish and duck farming with integrated approaches in same fishponds which was also liked by the community.



Fishpond and Bio-Flog

The Government has also supported to Fish farming farmer to develop fishpond and fish seeds to maintain as Fish Zone. Currently, NNSWA has introduced the Bio-Flog Fishpond technology in the four communities of Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality. This technology is also looking for more benefits of the community groups.

Bicycle support for vegetable transportation;

NNSWA has been supporting to the marginalized community for growing the fresh vegetable. As discussed with the community during Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari process, the vegetable farmer groups, networking groups has expressed they need of transportation facility for vegetable or their products to carry up to market.

Therefore, NNSWA has planned to support Bicycle to the 60 (FY 2020) and 54 (Fy-2021) vegetable farmers for reducing their transportation problems.

Now the farmers are carrying their production with their Bicycle to the market and door to door buyers for sales.



Women Led Cooperative; NNSWA formed 15 farmers groups for supporting through group approaches farming in the community in 2017. Later NNSWA encouraged the group members for individual saving which started from only Rs. 5.00 per months and later they deposited Rs. 100.00 to Rs. 150.00 as individual saving. After long discussion, these groups had initiated Women Led Cooperative one in ward no. 5 (Formed a new Cooperative named Uthansil Women Agriculture Cooperative) and one in ward no. 3 (Joining with Samjhana Women Agriculture Cooperative already initiated by Freed Kamlahari with the help of NNSWA) of Belauri Municipality. All the members are women in both cooperatives. Initially they had only member's saving cost, but the cooperative has been transacting more than NRs. 25, 00,000.00 in a year. The Local and Provincial Government have been supporting these two operatives with seeds and fertilizers to the communities. NNSWA also has been implementing its support to the communities through these cooperatives.



Samjhana Agriculture Cooperative Office

Joint Monitoring Visiting at Cooperative

2. UTHAN Project:

UTHAN Project; UTHAN project is implementing in two districts one in Sudur Paschim and one in Karnali Province covering 4 Municipalities. NNSWA is implementing UTHAN in Belaury and Laljhadi Municipality of Kanchanpur and SOCEC is implementing in Athbise, Rakam and Dullu Municipality in Dailekh districts. LIBIRD has assist to the both NNSWA and SOCEC as technical agency for the UTHAN project. The project was started in 2020 and will be implemented till December 2022.



Result/Outcome Envisioned:

Outcome 1: CSOs', CBOs' and their members apply climate smart practices in DRR and Agriculture

Output 1.1: Evidence based climate smart technologies are available.
(As technical agency for the UTHAN Project, LIBIRD has implemented activities through both the partners in the communities).

Output 1.2: CSOs / CBOS are knowledgeable on climate change mitigation and adaptation, and climate smart practices on DRR, and agriculture are applied.

Outcome 2: Local Governments have created an enabling and inclusive environment to collaborate with CSOs/ CBOs on climate change.

Output 2.1: Improved awareness and shared knowledge by stakeholders on climate related policy frameworks, risk understanding, and climate change impacts at local level.

Output 2.2: Multi-stakeholder mechanisms (including inter LG, CSOs, CBOs etc.) are in place.

Outcome 3: Local governments and CSOs', CBOs' and their members collaborate on drafting, implementation and monitoring of policy and projects with a climate change focus

Output 3.1: CSOs/CBOs and Local Governments develop collaboratively climate action policies and adopt them

Output 3.2: Engagement of the CSOs/CBOs with Local Government in the budget planning process for the climate action.

Output 3.3: Inclusive citizen engagement with Local Governments on climate related issues

Activity wise Achievement:

Promote enterprises on Compressed Stabilized Earthen Bricks (CSEB);

An agreement carried out with Community Impact Nepal (CIN) for the technical support and establishment of CSEB enterprise. 2 CSEB enterprises were established at Belaury and Laljhadi Rural Municipality with the collaborative effort of both Municipalities. CSEB enterprises established by Interlock block brick Industry in Binawari village of Laljhadi and Ramnagar village in Belaury Municipality under the UTHAN project.



The objective of establishing of CSEB is to promote environment friendly technology and reduce the environment pollution in Kanchanpur. The enterprises started to produce Interlock Brick at Municipality level and around 20 employees are working as an entrepreneur in Laljhadi and Belauri. About 16000 bricks had been sold-out till Dec 2021 and high demand is collected by the entrepreneurs. Using of the CSEB, the cost of the building is reduced by 40% compared to Chimney Bricks (Mud Brick) as expressed by the CSEB users.



Coordination meetings to establish green fund; the coordination meetings were conducted in Laljhadi and Belauri Municipalities for the Green Fund with their planning. Altogether 4 times formal and informal meetings were held and shared about the importance of the Green Fund and CC, DRR learning center and mobilization mechanism during the meetings. After regular meeting and lobbying, both Municipalities incorporated green fund and CC/DRR learning center in their policy guideline and program within local level planning process. The Municipality council has approved the policy guideline of CC/DRR learning Centre and Green fund mobilization.



Handing over Letter for Green Fund Planning to Belauri Municipality

Promote Green Farming Technologies; In consultation with the CSOs and Local government, 7 types (Commercial organic off/seasonal vegetable farming, Multipurpose Nursery Business, Bio flog fish farming, Mushroom seed production, Bagar to Bagaicha, Turmeric and spices (*Mashala*) enterprises using green technology) of enterprises had been selected to promote green farming technologies. Permanent tunnel, drip irrigation, mulching two CSOs Belauri IPM and Namuna Hariyali Bagar Bagaicha Krishi Samuh Laljhadi, Turmeric and Mashala enterprises Guransh IPM Belauri, Bio flog Fulpati agriculture group Belauri and Prekchya krishifarm tatha prabardhan Kendra, Belauri, Bagar to Bagaicha Kanchan CDMC, Laljhadi, Kanchan samudayek ban and mushroom Seed production, Donda sana kishan Sahakari sastha Laljhadi are established in both the Municipalities. All together 120 entrepreneurs are engaged in the Green Farming Technology and among them 71 are female and 49 are male.



Preparing Mushroom Seeds

Orientation to CSOs on the interrelationship of climate change, human rights and social justice;

Climate Change, Human Rights and Social Justice interrelated training was conducted in Laljhadi and Belauri Municipalities and 88 (Male 42 and female 46) from the CSOs were participants and benefited from the training.

The training was conducted in three lots and 3 days for each. CSOs representatives increased their knowledge of climate change and DRR, human rights and social justice. Project aimed that these trained CSOs would advocate or lobby with the local government for developing green fund mobilization guideline, CC and DRR learning center establishment and raise the voice in ward office for DRR mitigation activities.

Binod Bikram Jairu PC of UTHAN NNSWA, Jagdish Bhatt-DCA, Laxmi Dutta Bhatta-LIBIRD and Govind Upadhyay-Local Resource Person facilitated in all the three lots of training.

Need Based Identification and Assessment and Multiple Training to the CSOs; Through the needs identification and assessment of the CSOs a two day's Training on Proposal and report writing was organized for the 44 CSOs members (Male: 23 and Female: 21) from 40 CSOs in Belauri and Laljhadi Municipalities of Kanchanpur. The CSOs Members learned how to write reports and proposal at local level.

According to the needs identification of the CSOs, they reported that organizational constitution and strategic plan of the CSOs is essential and project had organized a two day training for the 42 CSOs members (Male:23 and Female: 19) to revise their Constitution and strategic plan as per present context in Belauri and Laljhadi Municipality.

As per needs of CSOs project had organized a two days training on organization development (OD), Governance and GESI at Belauri and Laljhadi Municipalities for 42 CSOs members (Male: 18 and Female: 24) from 40 CSOs. From the training they enhanced their knowledge on organizational development, Governance and gender equity and social inclusion (GESI).



Series of Trainings for CSOs

Similarly, as need assessment finding a two days' workshop was organized by UTHAN project on Human resource and financial policy development at Belauri and Laljhadi Municipality for 168 members (Male: 66 and Female: 102) from the 40 CSOs were.

Build media partnership for raising public awareness and promoting best practices; To promote Climate Change and DRRM in the community level, other Municipalities and other likeminded organization through the local FM Radio program called UTHAN has been broadcasting Radio Sudur Sanchar.

An advocacy for the replicating and adoption of the ecological agriculture practices UTHAN project has mobilized the local FM Radio as an advocacy medium. Key person interviewing, sharing of success stories, local leaders and government line agencies has benefit subsidies information were broadcast from the local radio. During this year 21 episodes were broadcast from the FM Radio Sudur Sanchar based in Belauri Municipality.

Orientation to the selected CSOs to prepare the LDCRP:

LDCRP preparation (5 Events) orientation was organized in 2 Laljhadi and 3 in Belauri by the UTHAN project in which 170 participants from CSOs, CDMCs and local level government of both the Municipalities joined. The VCA tool was oriented to all the participants and they were mobilized to complete the VCA tools for the preparation of the LDCRP of the Municipality as whole.



LDCRP workshops

The orientation program was facilitated by Mr. Laxmi Prasad Bhatt, Senior Program Officer of LI-BIRD. The oriented members from different CSOs and social mobilizers ward Municipal representative enhanced/increased their knowledge on VCA tools and about their importance. After orientation, all the participants engaged to collect the data and information as required for developing the LDCRP for their respective Municipalities.

Promote Solid Waste as Business Motive; Observing of the long lasting effect and proper planning of Solid Waste Management in Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality a study was made partnership between UTHAN project and BW2V. The study's objective was to explore the possibility of business promotion on solid waste materials at Municipality level. The study team has assessed the all possibilities in the Laljhadi and Belauri and other adjoining Municipalities too.

After the completion of the study, the team shared the findings between the Municipalities which found that at present the collected waste quantity was not produced in a big quantity for establishing a profitable business. Therefore, the study team advised both Municipalities to establish one joint business hub rather separately. Therefore, from the upcoming year the UTHAN project will assist to both the Municipalities for solid waste based joint collaborative business.

Establish Climate Change and Adaptation (CCA) and DRR Learning Centre;

To share information and practices on climate change and DRR, 2 CCA and DRR Learning Center were established at Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality. It aimed for raising awareness, demonstration, and extension and executes collaborative efforts on climate change adaptation and DRR practices to demonstrate at Municipality and CSOs level. The learning center was established as directed by the mandate of DRRM policy-2074 BS of central government of Nepal. The UTHAN project had supported Life jackets-25 piece, Ropes, Calabria's-20 meter, Calvino x2 pavilion tents-20 piece, Calabria-10 piece, Tarpaulins-15 piece, Rubber tube circular-25 piece, Cutting pliers-15 piece, Chain saw-2 piece, Hand saw-12 piece, First aid boxes-15 piece, Stretchers-20 pieces, Mega lights/search lights-10 piece, Megaphone normal-5 piece, Safety plastic helmet-45 piece, Repelling gloves-25 piece, Fire extinguisher-11 piece, Ladder-1 piece, 18.Peak axe-10 piece, Spade-10 piece, Crowbar-10 piece, Shovel normal-10 piece, Bucket stain less-10 piece, Dell laptop-1 piece, Printer-1 piece, Projector-1 piece, Office table-1 piece, Cubboard-1 piece, Steelrag-1 piece, Jute carpet-20 meter, Revolving chair-1 piece, Plastic chair-10 piece, Rescue Rubber boat 1 piece and White board-1 piece. Many other equipments and furniture were also supported to the Municipalities. The project was developed jointly with Municipality according to the disaster policy 2074 BS of Central government a CCA, DRR learning center operating procedure and put forward to the Municipality for endorsement and execution.



CCA/DRR Learning Center at Municipality Level

Organized Awareness Raising Events; The project had organized many awareness raising national international and days in coordination with communities and local governments. International Women's Day and World Environment Day celebration were virtually conducted during lockdown of COVID 19. During the environment day, the project had motivated community for cleaning of natural pond where community had been farming fish. 16 days campaign on women's violence was celebrated at Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality of Kanchanpur. On the



MASK UP Campaign

occasion of International Women's Day CSOs had participated and raised the awareness on climate change and green farming technologies through local songs and poetry. Similarly, Mr. Prabin Man Singh Executive Director of Prakriti Resource Center orientated on climate change, green fund and CCA and DRR learning centers importance and use through virtual platform.

During the virtual orientation and interaction session, representatives of Local Government, civil society and other related stakeholders participated. The Local Government representatives committed to establish a green fund and CC and DRR learning center in their respective Municipalities.

During the awareness raising event of environment day, CSOs members and interns of NNSWA had performed street drama related to climate change and adaptation. All together 426 CSOs members and other stakeholders has also participated

Mobile Information Camps; To promote Green Enterprises such as CSEB, Multi Proposed Nursery and Mushroom Seed production among the community and Local Government a mobile information camp was conducted. To establishment of green enterprises FM radio, Micking, pamphlets and posters were mobilized. During the camp FCHVs, and Media were also mobilized in both Laljhadi and Belauri Municipalities.

During the pandemic situation of COVID 19 FCHVs were working as frontline health workers and were at risk because they had been visiting door to door for their essential health job provisions. Therefore, project had supported them health and personal hygienic materials to 155 FCHVs of both Municipalities.

Organize “Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari” (Civic Forum);

Ninety Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari (45 Laljhadi and 45 Belauri) a civic interacting forum was conducted with the purpose of raising awareness and provide knowledge to the community on different issues including Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction and Management prospective. To make accountable of the communities and deputy bears like Local Government and other services providers, NNSWA had initiated a Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari (Civic Dialogue Forum) approaches to connecting the many public issues. This is an advocacy tool for the community to empower and ready to them for advocating for related stakeholder for their own community development as well as humanitarian prospective.



Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari

In total 1218 (Male: 310 and Female: 908) took part during the Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari in both Laljhadi and Belauri Municipality. The participants were from the CSOs representatives, private sectors, ward representatives of local government and other government line agensis. Basically, the Nagarik Chhalphal Chautari sessions were discussed about climate change, DRR, local level planning process, social accountability, early marriage, vegetable farming and green enterprises.

Multi-Stakeholder platform meetings at Municipality level;

In order to promote equal responsibility in developmental aspects of the Municipality a Multi Sector Platform was established in Laljhadi and Belaury Municipality. In 2021, four Multi Stakeholders Platform meeting were held where Municipality Mayor in Belaury and President of Laljhadi had chaired the meeting in their respected Municipalities. The propose of the Multi Stakeholders Platform were sharing of their intervention plan of all stakeholders as working in the Municipality, avoid of program and activities duplication of the different project. Same time Municipality has updates of different development partner's achievements and sharing of the effective practices for scaling up if replicable.



Multi-Stakeholders Platform Meeting

Training on Seven Steps participatory planning and Gender Responsive budgeting; The three events of 3 days training were conducted in seven steps participatory planning and gender responsive budgeting for the CSOs member and Municipalities representatives of both Laljhadi and Belaury Municipality. To enhance capacity, knowledge and understanding of seven steps local planning tools and Gender Response Budgeting was the prime objective of the training. The training was facilitated by the Mr. Kedar Khadka and Umanga Mainali from GO-GO foundation. The total participants were 90 (Male: 44 and Female: 46) in the all-training events.

Training for CSOs on social accountability; Three events of 3 days training on Social Accountability for the COs members and Municipality representatives was organized in year 2021 from both Laljhadi and Belaury Municipalities. The overall objective of the training was support to CSOs and Local Government representative for enhancing their capacity and understanding on social accountability mechanisms. The training was facilitated by the Mr. Kedar Khadka and Umanga Mainali from GO-GO foundation. The project team also supported for the training. Total 90 participants (Male: 44 and female: 46) participated in the training.

Advocacy strategy development workshop; CSOs 9 members (Male: 5 and Female: 4) from project area participated with key CSOs in advocacy development workshop held on Dec 4 to 5, 2021 at Nepalgunj. The workshop was facilitated by Prabin Man Singh from Prakriti resource center, Kathmandu. In the workshop advocacy issues were finalized and advocacy strategy was developed. Advocacy issues identified as green fund establishment and green fund mobilization guideline, CC and DRR learning center guideline, LDCRP and EFLG implementation at local level by the CSOs.

3. NEXUS Project (Urban Disaster Risk Reduction):

NEXUS Project; (Risk to Resilience through Collective Local Action) was implemented in Bheemdatt Municipality of Kanchanpur district from 2020 to 2021. The project was based on Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) to promote resilient and sustainable urban growth. The 2030 Agenda also recognized the importance of local-level action, particularly contributing to SDG 11, for making urban settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable. The project was implemented in the core city and semi urban context. The projects contributed to increase preparedness and response capacities of local authorities, communities and collaborating with the private sector in the urban context. The Private sector's involvement for the urban

livelihood and digitization for the vulnerability mapping, working closely with the local government were the major priorities.

Major Interventions:

Identification of Open Space; Bheemdatt Municipality ward no. 4 and 18 are urbanizing every day and market is expanding rapidly. The open space for any emergency looks disappearing in future. Therefore, NNSWA has developed an open space map by capturing picture by drown camera and developing hard copy as open spaces book and digitalization of all road networking and settlement areas. In ward no. 4 and 18 there are 19 open spaces which are verified and shared to the Bheemdatt Municipality for their execution. During the open space verification, project had developed the GIS mapping of Health Facilities, Educational Institutions, Security Forces and other related resources in the Municipality that are existing. Finally, all documentation was endorsed by Executive Committee of the Bheemdatt Municipality.



Impact Based Forecasting for Early Action; NNSWA had supported the Bheemdatt Municipality to develop the Impact Based Forecasting for Early Action system management guideline. The guideline was developed with the support of expert as consultant and was shared with all-ward presidents of Municipality and officials as draft and finalized with their comments. The developed document was endorsed by of Executive Palika Committee Bheemdatt Municipality.

Cash Voucher Assistant (CVA); To make swift and easy to transfer the cash to any disaster affected people or community a digital cash transfer and CVA for humanitarian assistant and social protection guideline was developed in Bheemdatt municipality. The guideline was endorsed by the Executive Palika Committee of Bheemdatt Municipality. Under this guideline NNSWA supported cash voucher to 356 HHs (Cost values is Rs. 4500.00 per HH) in Bheemdatt and Dodhara Chadni Municipality as are flood affected families.



Similarly, wheat Seed voucher (Cash Value Rs. 4500.00) was supported to 500 HHs in Dodhara Chadni Municipality.

Support to the City Planning Commission; For developing of a Climate Change, Disaster Risk Profile and Project Bank for the Municipality NNSWA has supported to the Municipality under the City Planning Commission. NNSWA had deputed a qualified staff in City Commission who had developed the Climate Change, Disaster Profile and Project Bank with all details of the Bheemdatt Municipality and submitted for their endorsement.

SOPs for Innovative Financing Mechanism of Fire Management; NNSWA had supported to the Bheemdatt Municipality, to develop the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for fire management system. The developed SOP was submitted to the Municipality for endorsement by the Executive Committee.

Support to COVID 19 Response;

NNSWA supported four health volunteers to the Bheemdatt Municipality for managing their data entry, contract tracing at community level, managing Health help desk and awareness in community, transportation support, managing quarantine, isolation and foodstuffs for the needy communities. Similarly, MASK, PPE sets, gloves, sanitizer were supported by the NNSWA to the Municipality during the COVID 19 pandemic.



COCID 19 NTGEN Testing and Health Help Desk

Social media Campaign; NNSWA had been regularly campaign social media especially through FACEBOOK where Nagarik Sachetan Campaign was launched. The page was visited by 26330 people, 44 Video Messages, 125 Photos, 147 Notices and 18 Interviews were shared. Kanchanpur local FM had broadcasting the messages about the prevention, treatment, protecting of COVID 19 and according to the FM reports about 40000 people were listening directly.



Kanchanpur Sammelan 2021; Safe and Sustainable Development of Municipality was the main aim for the Kanchanpur Sammelan 2021. All R/Municipality's Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Presidents and Deputy President were involved in that Sammelan. Honorable Minister of Sudur Paschim Province Ms. Purna Joshi was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the Sammelan and Mr. Surendra Bist Mayor of Bheemdatt Municipality chaired. During the Sammelan; three papers were presented by the experts. Dr. Dharma Raj Upreti had Presented Forecasting system and humanitarian anticipatory action – lesson learnt from recent post monsoon disaster, Dr. Basanta Raj Adhikari had presented about the multi Hazards and risk management.



Sustainable Urban Ecosystem: Pathway to Resilience, Ms. Renu Thaplia (MoFAGA) had presented Localization of Sendai Framework for DRR and role of local governments and Mr. Rajan Thapa had presented Vulnerability Context of Kanchanpur District by Rajan Thapa (CC Advisor DCA). The first Kanchanpur Sammelan was concluded with 15 points declaration for Safe and Sustainable Development of Municipality. The Second Kanchanpur Sammelan would be conducted at Punarbas Municipality as Mayor of Punarbas had announced during his remarks.

4. Humanitarian Assistance to the most vulnerable and at-risk people from COVID-19 Pandemic in Sudur Paschim Province of Nepal (DERF):

Health Protective Equipment Supports to the ward level health Office and Isolation Center; NNSWA supported health equipments to the healthpost-1, Urban health centres-3, primary Health service centers-15 and isolation centre-1 in Bheemdatt Municipality for the improvement of their basic service and management. To protect from the COVID 19 disease transformation for the front liner health workers, civil societies, FCHV, and Isolation center NNSWA had supported Health Equipments such as PPEs, Mask, Gloves, Sanitizer, face shield, Digital Infrared Thermometer, Oxy Meter and digital hand wash sensor machine aiming health facilities. All together, 8850 People were benefited by this direct and indirect supports from the NNSWA.

Health and Hygiene Kits Support to the Isolated COVID 19 Positive;

In coordination with Municipality, NNSWA prepared Health & Hygiene Kits zipper locked bag which contained bathing soap, laundry soap, toothpaste, tooth brush, thermos bottle for hot water, mask, hand sanitizer, sanitary pad, tissue paper, mosquito net, nail cutter, bath towel, toilet cleaner, hand wash bottle, digital thermometer,. Municipality Health Unit had provided the name list of the COVID-19 positives and NNSWA help desk communicated with the isolated persons and counseled on protective measures of COVID 19. On the basis of provided list from the Municipality Health Unit, NNSWA supported 450 health and hygiene kits to the COVID 19 positive and isolated persons through FCHVs and NNSWA Help Desk with the coordination of municipal ward office.



Health and Hygiene Kits

Cash Voucher assistance (CVA) program to covid-19 infected and marginalized groups;

NNSWA has planned to 300 COVID 19 infected persons through Cash Voucher Assistant mechanism. To initiate the CVA support approach a coordination and discussion on the CVA support mechanism with Mayor and administrative officer of Bheemdatt Municipality was held in which they agreed to support Rs. 4500.00 cost value of VCA to be distributed among the COVID affected marginalized groups. The ward municipal office selected 300 marginalized groups of people among the COVID infected to receive the CVA support from NNSWA.



Four vendors were selected to jointly supply the required foodstuffs or other materials to the selected COVID infected persons or families. The CVA has 20 foodstuff items and the CVA receiver have choices to buy among the listed items on CVA from the nearest selected vendors.

FCHV Mobilization; Coordinating with district health office (DHO) NNSWA oriented 38 FCHVs (2 CHVs from one ward) on COVID 19 protection, test and treatment measures in 19 wards of the Bheemdatt Municipality. These trained FCHVs watched the community if any person was feeling unwell and COVID 19 symptom was seen were counseled and sent for COVID 19 test

at health facilities. In this FCHVs mobilization process, 11400 persons were counseled from 38 FCHVs. FCHVs were also supported by distribution of hygiene kits to the isolated person's home.

Helpdesk and Helpline operation; NNSWA operated the helpdesk and helpline to respond to the COVID 19 in NNSWA central office. To provide the right information and bridging the services or resources to the people in need. To build the bridge a toll free telephone number was developed for communicating with the Helpdesk required people. Similarly, NNSWA used this toll free telephone number as feed mechanism for NNSWA. From this helpdesk and toll free telephone number 755 individuals were benefited.

Support the health facilities of Health Protective Gears to Protect the Frontline workers;

NNSWA supported COVID 19 protective items (PPE set-100, Surgical Mask-150 pockets, Surgical Gloves-100, Sanitizer 500 ML-150 bottles, face shield-150, Digital Infrared Thermometer-30, Oxy Metter-50, Detole Antiseptic soap-300) to the front-line health workers of Health Facilities, FCHV and Isolation centers. Altogether 158 Frontline Health Workers were directly benefited from these support items.

Hands Sanitizing Machine Installation; NNSWA installed electronic hand sanitizing machine at ward Municipal level Health Facility with filling of liquid Sanitizer. The ward Municipal Office and Health Facilities are responsible for filling the sanitizer continually as required. Altogether 19 Electronic Hand Sanitizing Machine was installed in all ward level health facilities of Bheemdatt Municipality. As ward health office communication about 21375 people were used this facility from July to December 2021.



Hand Sanitizing Machine at Ward Level Health Facility

ACT Alliance Global Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic:

Small business was affected due to the long lockdown during COVID 19 Pandemic. NNSWA supported cash to 130 small business holders to revive or restart their business. NRs. 20,000.00 was supported through IME transfer mechanism. NNSWA also supported 633 marginalized HHs of COVID 19 survivors with nutritious food and their other requirements to be fulfilled. NRs. 4500.00 was supported through IME transfer mechanism. For both these supports, local municipal wards had recommended as a needy HHs and small businessmen/women for the benefits.



Receiving Cash from IME

Similarly, within this response NNSWA has installed 36 Drinking water with and hand wash facilities in government schools. 24 numbers of electronic hand-sanitizing machines in health facilities were supported. From this project 3 human resources were deputed at Gaddachauki Indo-Nepal ground crossing point (GCP) to provide the counseling and antigen test during people crossing GCP to the Bheemdatt Municipality.

6. HIV/TB Program for Migrant and Their Spouses:

HIV/TB Program; HIV and STI response program is a priority one program for the globally which was guided by "UNAIDS Strategy 2016-2021", the Sustainable Goals and the National Health Sector Strategy (2015-2020) recognized by Government of Nepal. According to the National HIV Strategic Plan 2016-2021, Nepal accepted the challenges of Fast-Tracking towards ending the AIDS epidemic as a public health threat by 2030, applying the 90-90-90 treatment target by 2020.



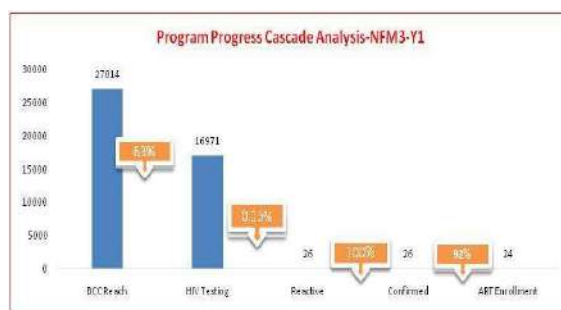
To response the Key populations and remain the main focus of the National HIV Strategic Plan NNSWA had implemented this project as Sub Recipient (SR) funding by Global Fund through Save the Children a Prime Recipient (PR). The mobile migrants' groups as Key population and their spouses are also in high-risk. In current major mode of HIV transmission is sexual intercourse, accounting for 85% of new infections. Therefore, HIV/TB program is implementing to reach to migrant populations for the response of HIV and TB implementing the NNSWA in Kanchanpur and Kailali Districts.

Project Achievement:

Project has reached with 27014 numbers of targeted communities for informing and educating for their behavior change communication (BCC) regarding HIV and TB. Community Led Testing (CLT) was conducted with 16971 people among the migrant community people. 26 people were found as HIV Positive. 24 HIV positive people were enrolled in ART center. 26985 people were screened for TB and 135524 pieces of condoms were distributed during the year 2021 in Kanchanpur and Kailali districts.

Progress and Cascade Analysis-NFM3-Y1:

According to the 90-90-90 Cascade approaches fast track programming the project progress looks like above graph. The BCC reached 63%, HIV tested 0.15% and found 26 cases through CLT and they confirmed 100% by confirmative test and enrolled to ART center for treatment was 92% (24) two person was not agreed to enrolled in ART in Nepal.



The project was implemented through the close coordination with District Health Office and Municipalities Health Units and other related projects implemented for the HIV and AIDS.



Stakeholders Meeting Kanchanpur and Kailali

Mobile Camp and CLT at Community Level

7. HIV Harm Reduction of PWIDs Project:

HIV Harm Reduction; project was implemented in Kanchanpur, Kailali and Surkhet districts to response for HIV AIDS in Nepal guided by national HIV AIDS strategic plan 2016 to 2021 (NSP). People who injected drug (PWID), Female sex worker (FSWs), clients of FSWs, Men who having sex with men (MSM), and male migrants including spouses of migrant workers, female partners of PWIDs and MSM to high HIV prevalence in India were considered to be the highest risk Key population. NNSWA implemented the project for reducing the harm of HIV infection among the IDUs by exchanging the syringe, CLT, Condom distribution and apprised the people as to the prevention of the IDUs practices in Kanchanpur, Kailali and Surkhet. The project was implemented with the goal of “Fast track approach towards the ending the AIDS epidemic as public health threat by 2030 achieving 95-95-95- targets”.

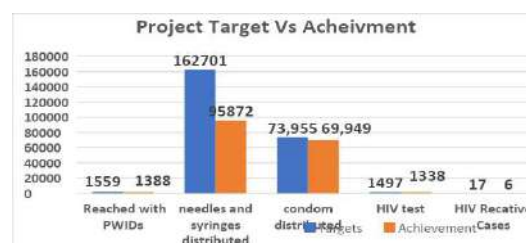


CLT of IDUs

Major Achievement of the project:

The project team had reached with 1388 IDUs, distribution of needle and syringe 95872, distributed condoms 69949, testing HIV through CLT and Self Testing 1388 persons and found 6 HIV positives cases in three project districts.

Besides that, project team had provided 3 orientation sessions to the police personnel, 3 sessions of orientation to IDUs spouses, 3 orientation sessions in schools/collages students and mobilizing 16 Peers Educators during the year 2021 in three project districts.



Orientation to Police Personnel

8. Meeting Targets and Maintaining Epidemic Control (EpiC):

EpiC Nepal Project; NNSWA, as an EpiC Nepal implementing partner (IP), implemented HIV prevention, treatment, care and support services among female sex workers (FSWs), clients of FSWs, men who have sex with men (MSM), male sex workers (MSWs), transgender people, other high-risk people but not self-identified as key populations (KPs) or not disclosed their KP status, and people living with HIV (PLHIV) and their partners and children. Despite Corona virus Disease (COVID-19) pandemic, NNSWA was able to adapt HIV program and services to mitigate COVID-19 impact and continue essential HIV prevention, testing and case finding, rapid initiation of treatment, adherence and retention, and VL testing services following precautionary, preventive and protective measures with close coordination of health office and ART centers in Kailali and Kanchanpur. Basically, project supports for HIV prevention, treatment, care and support services among key populations and people living with HIV.

Major Achievements:

The bar charts illustrate the number of KPs (FSWs) and PPs reached by Epic Nepal project on 2021. Prevention service provided to 418 FSWs and 336 PPs and tested 228 FSWs and 139 PPs by determine test. From those tests found 6 FSWs and 24 others were reactive. During that period, we supported to enroll in ART services by 7 FSWs and 60 PPs.



During the year, 35 KP and 568 PPs received VL result and found 32 KPs and 545 PPs were suppressed result likewise 86 KP initiated PrEP medicine. Overall, the key indicator of the program was mostly achieved.

Target Vs Achievement in year 2021.

Prevention services provide to 754 clients, 30 cases identified from 417 testing and 67 PLHIVs were supported for enrollment in ART. Likewise 603 PLHIVs received their VL result from ART and 577 were found suppressed result. 86 KP were take medicine of PrEP.



In conclusion, all the target were achieved except viral load test result received (PVLS_D) and found result suppressed (PVLS_N) due technical reason on VL testing site.



Conducting CLT with FSW



Condom Day



World AIDS Day

9. SUA AHARA II Project:

Suaahara II Project; NNSWA implemented Suaahara II program in the entire Municipalities of Kanchanpur district. The program was funded by USAID/Nepal, was implemented by Helen Keller International with six consortium partners (CARE, DBI-EA, ENPHO, FHI360, NTAG and VDRC). Encourage to reach of disadvantaged group (DAG) households in project areas, Suaahara II was making even greater efforts to ensure these target groups were reached by health and nutrition services and were motivated to access and participate in community forums to learn about the importance of nutrition and ideal behaviors to ensure healthy, well-nourished families. A shift to a family focus includes engaging men and mothers-in-laws for promoting healthy behaviors, using health services, and changing gender norms, rather than focusing Social Behavior Change (SBC) activities exclusively on pregnant and lactating women (also referred to as “1000-day women”).



Interacting with FCHVs

Suaahara activities derived changes across the result of four categories: The four intermediate results (IR) that Suaahara 2 would focus on were: household nutrition and health behaviors, quality health services, improved access to diverse and nutrition rich foods and to rollout Multi-Sector Nutrition Plan.

Major Activities and Achievement:

Celebrate important days of life "Key Life Events"; Key life events were conducted in the hard-to-reach areas of nine RM/UM of the Kanchanpur. The Community Nutrition Facilitators and MNFs of the Kanchanpur district organized these events. A total 1918 Key life were conducted in the different DAG communities of Kanchanpur.



Celebrating Key Life Event

Food Demonstration; MNF and CNFs completed 220 events of Food Demonstration of this year. Staffs had demonstrated it in HMG meetings and in community gatherings ad some time in individuals home. There were total 2963 participants in the accomplished events.



Food Demonstration at Home

Advocacy at Municipal level to improve water treatment & hand washing;

The Municipality level executive members were oriented about the need of improvement in water treatment, hand washing, address supply side barriers on water treatment and scale up total sanitation campaign in six municipalities. This year 316 FCHV's were demonstrated on this event and ICE materials relating to water treatment and hand washing were distributed.



Review and planning meetings with OTC and NRH staff to strengthen NACS/IMAM services; Participants from total 24 OTC centers in Kanchanpur and 1 NRH took participation in the review and planning meeting. The meeting ended well. During this meeting we made a messenger group and added the nutrition focal person in the OTC centers. The group was functional and shared their achievements regularly. They also planned to screen the hidden SAM/MAM cases in the community rapidly.

Comprehensive Nutrition Specific Intervention ToT; A seven days specific nutrition package was completed for the support of Suaahara program. Trainers and other management were supported by us while Palikas managed for their DSA. Since there was much small ongoing training, government planned this comprehensive package to remove this system.

Routine Data Quality Assessment; The health-related data need to be continuously assessed. Health office had also this type of package. This year we had budget to conduct RDQA in three health posts namely Kalika HP Punarbas, Rampur HP and Jhalari Health Post which we completed with the support of Palika Health Coordinator.

Community Health Score Board; We completed CHSB review meeting in Raikawarbichuwa HP. In total 20 people participated in CHSB review meeting. Mainly we discussed on ANC, PNC, Institutional Delivery, GMP, FCHVs program, GESI and governance indicators were scored by participants for coming 6 months. HFOMC committed us for review and implementation to prepared work plan.

MNFs, in EHFP areas, provide follow-up coaching visits to VMFs, GESI champion VMF couples, and key HFP group members; the Suaahara core + MNF and CNF conducted the post follow-up training of the HFP and the VMF. They did regular visit in the HFP group meeting and supported them on the group saving and credit work. Beside that MNF visited and coached to 43 VMFs, GESI Champions and VMF Couples and key HFP group members. They also linked the HFP and VMF to the municipality and ward to get the government scheme in the agriculture and poultry.

Distribution of vegetable seeds for 1000 days HHs, VMFs and LRPs; According to the plan of year IV we had distributed 125 composite seed packets to new pregnant women, 1000-day women, FCHV and HFPB group members in ward no. 5 of Bedkot municipality.

Endorse ward-level Emergency Health and Nutrition Contingency Plan (EHNC); According to the implementation activities in the previous years, the ward-level Emergency Health and Nutrition Contingency Plan (EHNC) was in draft which was finalized by Resilience Coordinator. Then it was endorsed in the ward level emergency plan in Bedkot municipality ward no. 5, Dharampur in the chairmanship of ward chairperson.

Function of Municipal-level Nutrition and Food Security Steering Committee (NFSSC) meetings; to review the action plan prepared in the previous year needed to follow by Suaahara. We had budget for four events, despite of this we supported to plan MSNP (Multi Sector Nutrition Plan) with their own budget. We completed all the targets.

Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI); GESI was also a key component in Suaahara. We supported in day celebrations and such as IWD and 16 days campaigns against GBV. In the last year male GESI champions were selected and we reviewed their work and measured achievements. Out of those GESI champions, we selected 5 best working males and coached them specifically for GESI works, oriented them to make male group and regularly facilitated the formed group.

Phone counseling, home visit and assessment commodities with FCHVs; Due to the COVID 19 lockdown, MCF and CNF were not able to visit fields. There they conducted the follow-up via telephone. MNF and CNFs followed up to all 823 FCHVs this year. Till December 2020, due to COVID 19 lockdown, field staff followed 823 FCHVs from Sept to Dec. They facilitated 236 HMG and updated in compared to 8246 new pregnant women.



Consultative Meeting and Tole committee mobilization; To address COVID 19, we completed consultative meeting with executive committee in Dodhara Chadni, Suklaphata, Bheemdatt and Punarbas, after that 210-tole committees were mobilized for 1.5 months.

Success Initiation; After the review meeting, all the health workers actively started the screening campaign, where MNFs and CNFs of Suaahara II supported them as well. During the screening period we supported them with continuous supply of RUTF, provided MUAC tape, height board, supported to maintain the Nutrition register for recording and actual reporting and still we are supporting then in every aspect. Our continuous effort resulted in finding more than 600 numbers of SAM and MAM in the period of 2 months.



10. Disability Inclusive Development & Stop Transmission Program (DID/STP) Project:

DID & STP Program; NNSWA is working in partnership with Netherlands Leprosy Relief (NLR) Nepal for Inclusive Development (ID) & Stop Transmission program (STP) from September 2016 on the basis of Outcome Mapping (OM) approach. Disability Inclusive Development (DID) Program was designed to contribute the long-term improved well-being and inclusion of all the people with disabilities in community.



This project focused on outcomes (changes in knowledge, attitude, behavior, policy/actions, and relationship of the people, groups & organization with whom the program works directly). ID program activities focused around seven components: i) Inspire 2 Care (I2C), ii) Disability Management, iii) Disability Inclusive Development, iv) Leprosy Prevention Program, v) Leprosy Control Program, vi) Comprehensive WASH & vii) Organizational Strengthening. Stop Transmission Program (STP) activities related with Leprosy and Single Dose Rifampicin/Post Exposure Prophylaxis (SDR/PEP) execution in close collaboration with MOSD, PHD of Sudurpaschim, Health Offices, Local Levels and Health Facilities. Inclusive Development (ID) program activities had been conducted with close coordination and funding partnership with six ID Municipalities (Laljhadi RM, Beldadi RM, Suklaphata Municipality of Kanchanpur & Gauri Ganga municipality, Bardagoriya RM, Kailari Rural Municipality of Kailali district) of Sudurpaschim Province.

Project Specific Objectives: the overall objective was "To promote community based inclusive development of local levels and establishes "Model" Palikas, whereas local government and other stakeholders impressed to replicate in other places." To achieve the "Model" Palikas ID and STP program overall objectives are "Zero Discrimination", "Zero Disability" & "Zero Transmission".

Major Achievement of 2021: Under the seven project components of ID program in close collaboration with Inclusive Development Palikas & Stop Transmission activities in close coordination with MOSD, PHD, HO & local HFs, following were the major achievement in the year 2021.

- Data Collection and Profile making of Golden 1000 days' mothers in all 6 Municipalities by mobilizing CBRFs and in close coordination with HWs, FCHVs in all wards.
- Best Wishes card distribution to newly married couple, pregnant, lactating and 1000 days' mothers through HFs, FCHVs, and CBRFs & ward offices.
- Engagement of CBRFs in execution of mothers' group meeting along with FCHVs and regular interaction, counseling to 1000 days' mothers & family members.



- Support FCHVs for Counseling on regular ANC, PNC checkups, Iron Tablets, Immunization, birth registration, Institutional delivery & other health related activities.
- Support Health Workers for Leprosy screening to pregnant women, lactating mothers.

Disability identification & Disability card distribution regularly at Palika& ward levels

- Assistive Devices Distribution to People with Disability coordinating with local levels.
- Update the information of People with Disability and maintain each disability person's profile in close coordination with Social Development section of 6 ID Palikas.
- Regular support in Disability health camps, home visit and counseling to PWDs.
- Coordinate with local government for the income generating activities to People with Disability, advocacy for rights of PWDs & assuring their participation in different committee.
- Formation of Palika level/Ward level DPOs, regular meeting & discussing about their rights and involvement of Leprosy affected persons in DPOs.
- Advocacy for disability friendly structure with local representatives and stakeholders.
- Advocacy for Inclusive education, inclusive child/youth clubs and involvement of People with Disability, Leprosy affected persons in all forums, networks.
- Comprehensive WASH plan and formation of WASH committee at Palika/ward levels.
- Data collection of leprosy affected persons and making their individual profile.
- Leprosy Training to FCHVs, health workers and support in PEP execution.
- LPEP Execution - Coverage of all Index cases in ID Palikas with mobilization of CBRFs coordinating with local HFs support from NLR/NNSWA staff.
- LPEP MOP UP intervention especially in local levels of Kailali, Kanchanpur & Achham districts with close coordination with HO, local levels & mobilizing FCHVs, HWs of respective HFs.



Leprosy Prevention / Leprosy Control Program, "Zero Transmission":

Nepal is categorized one of the leprosy endemic countries in the world. Nepal achieved the target of leprosy elimination at national level in 2009 and declared in 2010 no leprosy country. Even that, after the leprosy elimination declaration of public health program in Nepal, the new cases are being detected and almost remain same however a significant reduction was seen at the end of 2020 but had to be reviewed whether it was true.

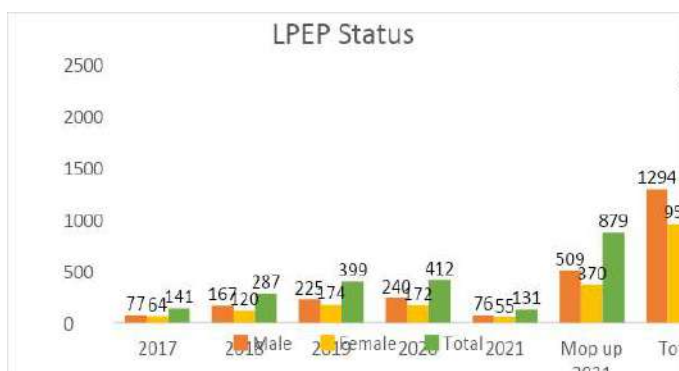
This situation clearly indicated need of additional strategies and therefore, LPEP piloting started in Nepal in 2015. The Leprosy program including LPEP interventions were the part



of ‘Stop Transmission of Leprosy’ which aimed for a true break in transmission, overcoming the stagnation in occurrence of new cases of leprosy, to address the ongoing transmission of M. Lepra and promoting active case finding intervention. SDR-PEP and establishing leprosy inventory, GIS mapping in Sudurpaschim province were the major planned events conducted in the year 2021.

Sudur Paschim LPEP Status in 2021

- LPEP Execution and Implementation in all 9 districts of Sudurpaschim, till date LPEP of 2152 index cases had been completed, in the year 2021 LPEP of 1010 (131 cases through regular SDR/PEP & 879 cases through MOP UP intervention) was executed.
- Suspect and Detection of 26 new leprosy cases through regular SDR/PEP interventions.
- LPEP MOP Up Intervention support to cover all index cases of respective local levels as well as detection of new leprosy and TB cases.
- GIS Mapping started during the SDR/PEP intervention which eased for the identification of the hotspot area of leprosy & plan activities accordingly.



Enhancing Capacity of Health Personnel; Due to COVID-19 most of the time NNSWA had responded the support to the Municipality level and at the end of the year 2021, some trainings and orientation sessions for health workers were conducted aiming to implement MOP UP SDR PEP interventions, review and refresher training for CBRF.

- Each ID Palikas had given high priority to Disability Inclusive Development (DID), regularly allocating budget for ID activities including in the annual plan & policy.
- Increment of the salary of CBRFs & their engagement in different programs, campaigns of local levels. CBRFs as the major backbone of ID program & major staff of local levels.
- Local levels were sensitized and disability friendly infrastructures were constructed, inclusive education and inclusive committees were formed.



Effective Initiation; Most of the leprosy affected persons and persons with disabilities of all types and natures in Beldadi RM are socially back ward from educational and economic point of view. Even people did not respect and trust them. They had lack of access to state development mechanisms which led to lack of self-confidence and lack of parenthood. Despite the formation of Palika level and ward level inclusive self-help groups (DPOs), they were not involved in any of the financial institutions. This had always become a challenge & their economic status was poor. They were unable to manage resources to run any business or livelihood activities.

Under the Inclusive Development Program of Beldadi Rural Municipality, after collecting of all types and natures of data of leprosy affected persons and persons with disabilities, it was decided by the executive committee to conduct village level reviews. DPOs and municipal level consultations were conducted and provided share membership to persons with disabilities and family members for involvement in Beldadi Mahila Sana Kisan Krishi Sahakari Sanstha Ltd. cooperative. An agreement was signed to cooperate & include the leprosy affected persons and persons with disabilities of all types and natures by providing seed capital grant of Rs. 1000 per person for their economic empowerment. 310 persons with disabilities of all types and natures, persons affected by leprosy and their family members become the shareholders of Beldadi Mahila Sana Kisan Krishi Sahakari Sanstha Ltd. in Beldadi RM.

11. Physical Rehabilitation Activity Project Physical Rehabilitation Activity Project;



To increase Access of Physical Rehabilitation Services for People with Disability in Sudurpaschim Province of Nepal with sustainable approaches services NNSWA Physical Rehabilitation Service Center has been worked by close coordination among the federal, provincial and local governments. To provide & enhance quality physical rehabilitation services to the PwDs of Sudur Paschim Province an equipped Physical Rehabilitation Center is running in Bheemdatt Municipality ward no. 18 of Kanchanpur district established in 2006.

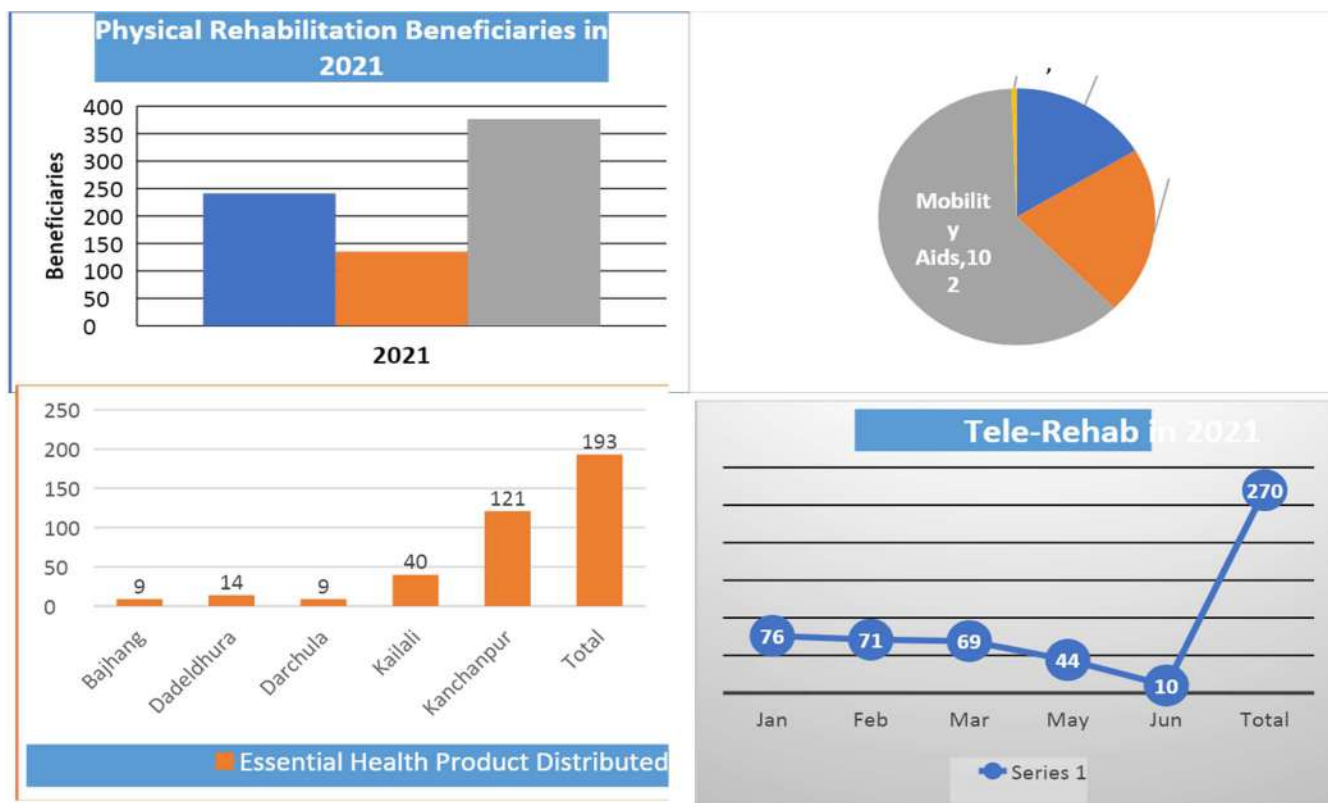
Project Specific Objectives:

Physical Rehabilitation Activity (PRA) aims to improve the mobility and functional independence of conflict-affected civilians and women, men, girls, and boys in need of rehabilitation services in Nepal through the establishment of a sustainable integrated, public-private rehabilitation system. PRA program supported integrating the PRCs into a strong and extensive public rehabilitation system which would help to sustain a quality rehabilitation system affordable for all PwDs.

Project Achievement:

S. N	Activities	Target	Achievement
1.	No. of beneficiaries receiving PR services	-	376
2.	No. of Assistive devices delivered	-	165
3.	Tele-rehab beneficiaries	200	270
4.	Essential health product distributed	160	193
5.	Outreach mobile camp conducted	-	4

Achievement through Graphs:



The total support recipients were 165 and among them 39 beneficiaries were supported under MOWCSC supported fund in year 2021.

Girl Child is walking now and saying “This is my Leg”.

Saumya Dhanuk is a 4 years old girl who lives in Bheemdatt Municipality, ward # 8. She lost her both legs in an accident. She caught fire while playing in home yard brick chimney at the age of 3 years and 5 months. She visited NNSWA Physical Rehabilitation Center where she was fixed with artificial limb (Lt. below knee prosthesis & Rt. Partial foot prosthesis). Currently she studies in nursery class and she likes playing and dancing etc.

Her parents are feeling very optimistic & proud. Before getting prosthesis her mother used to carry her on her lap and shoulder all the time but now Saumya is able to walk on her own. In one hand NNSWA PRC Physio & P&O worked together in close coordination to achieve her mobility goal like balancing, stepping &



walking and helping her to be independent and on the other hand, NNSWA advocated her parents on disability rights and showed them the opportunity in financial aspects which have been provisioned by government. There has also been huge attitude transform in community people as they witnessed Saumya being independent, walking on her own and perform activities which she was not able to do before and now Saumya is very happy with her prosthetic legs.

11. Regular Yearly Events of Organization:

NNSWA has been organizing Joint Monitoring, DPAC, Social Audit and Provincial Sharing Meeting every year to share about the NNSWA implemented projects, plan Vs achievements, budget received and expenses with financial statements publicly to maintain transparency. Following are the events that NNSWA has been doing as its organizational culture.



a. Joint Monitoring; NNSWA has been conducted a joint meeting every year, where journalist, line agency representatives, local government representatives and an independent social auditor. Facilitating person visited at project side and observed activities and interacted among the beneficiaries of projects.

b. DPAC (District Project Advisory Committee) Meeting; to share about the projects implemented by NNSWA DPAC (District Project Advisory Committee) Meeting and Social Audit are conducted every year as organizational practices. On 27th December 2021, District Project Advisory Committee Meeting and Social Audit were conducted under the Chair of the Deputy Chairperson of Kanchanpur DCC Ms. Sanu Maya Budpal. 60 participants from the Municipalities, government line agencies, civil society organizations, journalists participated and interacted during the DPAC and Social Audit. NNSWA presented all implemented projects plans Vs achievement including fund received and expenses, challenges and action of mitigations.



c. Social Audit; Right after DPAC meeting social audit event was conducted which was facilitated by independent resource person Mr. Chitrang Thapa who shared his findings during his visit at the field as Joint Monitoring Member. He shared about the group approaches interventions, women's participation, Municipalities' engagement in the intervention with matching fund, starting agriculture ambulance, action research on vegetable farming, Group interactions and awareness among the community for their own development which were found impressive. Similarly, he had asked the questioned among the participants about the organizational project implementation process, community accepted quality, cost effectiveness, organizational governance, receiving feedback and response, coordination mechanism, expertise of the projects implementation and suggestions for the organizational area of improvements which were the major interacting topics.



Suggestions by the participants; NNSWA should think about the sustainability of implemented projects in the community level by linking them with the Municipality. NNSWA should plan for sustainability follow up action plan before projects exit.

d. Province Level Sharing Meeting; NNSWA organized sharing meeting at province level with chief guest Minister of Province Ministry of Social Development on December 29 2021, a provincial level sharing meeting was conducted under the Chair of Mr. Ashok Bikram Jairu Executive Director of NNSWA and Chief Guest of Social Development Minister Honorable Mr. Lal Bahadur Khadka, Sudur Paschim Province, held in Dhangadi Sub Metropolitan Municipality, Kailali. 57 participants from the Ministry, Government Officials, Civil Societies representatives, journalist and privet sector participated in the sharing meeting. NNSWA presented all the projects and their achievements including challenges during the meeting. The meeting took almost 3 hours for sharing all-project's achievement and discussion and got feedback from the participants. The Minster appreciated that NNSWA shared all about project's activities, achievement, challenges, and financial transactions of 2021. He suggested for continuing this sharing meeting in Province level in every year and also suggested others for the same.

Suggestions by the Participants: The organization should plan all projects with sustainability approaches by linking with Municipalities. Follow up activities should be planned after phase out of the projects and provincial sharing meeting should be continued.



8. Quantitative Summary of the Beneficiaries in Year 2021:

Sr.#	Support Activities	Beneficiaries									Funding Sources
		Male	Female	Total	Single Women	Dalits	Janjati	PwDs	LAP	Others	
1	Framers groups – 21	70	480	550	15	90	240	150	5	0	SAPHAL
2	Fish Farm Groups -07	62	165	227	7	4	182	45	2	0	
3	Collection center -3	21	19	40	1	0	26	14	1	0	
4	CSEB Interlock Break – 04	8	13	21	9	0	13	7	0	0	
5	Women lead Cooperative - 03	59	999	1058	60	105	640	313	17	0	
6	CDMC Groups -15	153	197	350	8	44	178	128	3	0	
7	Dalit Network - 9	41	68	109	2	109	0	0	0	0	
8	Women Network -11	0	131	131	7	46	15	70	0	0	
9	Saving Groups -16	0	375	375	9	44	230	101	2	0	
10	Emergency Response through Help Desk -4	105	45	150	7	12	45	93	2	0	
11	Compressed Stabilized Earth Bricks (CSEB) Trained and Started Business	15	5	20	0	0	19	0	0	1	UTHAN
12	Promote solid waste as a business Orientation	28	7	35	0	2	20	0	0	13	
13	Training on Promotion of Green Farming Technologies	49	71	120	0	7	110	0	0	3	
14	Orientation to CSOs on the interrelation of climate change, human rights and social justice	39	49	88	0	6	67	0	0	15	

15	Leadership development training to CSOs	34	45	79	0	3	61	0	0	15
16	Training to CSOs for identifying the needs by an assessment	66	102	168	0	12	127	0	0	29
17	Organize awareness raising Events	93	314	407	0	25	245	0	0	137
18	Mobile Information Camps	2791	2364	5155	0	802	3088	0	0	1265
19	Support and strengthen Environment, Disaster, and Natural Resource Management Committee (EDNRM) and Social Development Committee (SDC)	33	18	51	0	4	34	0	0	13
20	Participating the Community for Organized Chhalphal Chautari	310	908	1218	0	77	870	0	0	271
21	Multi-stakeholder platform meetings at Palikas level	98	68	166	0	16	90	0	0	60
22	Training on Seven Steps participatory planning Process and Gender Responsive budgeting	46	44	90	0	7	63	0	0	20
23	Training for CSOs on social accountability	46	44	90	0	7	63	0	0	20
24	Advocacy strategy development workshop	5	4	9	0	2	3	0	0	4
25	Interactions and sharing meeting at the Province level	31	6	37	0	1	5	0	0	31

26	DPAC Meeting the district level	26	2	28	0	2	5	0	0	21	
27	Rs. 4500.00 Cash support through IME	93	264	357	0	209	53	5	0	0	NEXUS (UDRRM) Project
28	Agriculture voucher Value Rs. 4500.00 support to Flood Affected HHs	321	179	500	0	432	31	7	0	0	
29	Cash voucher Assistance to Covid19 survivors	52	61	113	0	35	54	20	0	24	Act Alliance COVID Response Project
30	Cash assistance to GBV survivor	0	16	16	0	3	6	0	0	7	
31	Water and hand WASH facilities to School Children	8403	6039	14442	0	2160	6112	241	0	5041	
32	Community helpline for COVID-19 Response	12222	14949	27162	0	5012	8305	25	0	13845	
33	Message broadcast through voxcrow for COVID 19 Response	426	610	1036	0	281	210	21	0	542	
34	Mobilize FCHVs for COVID 19 Response	7532	9720	17252	0	2670	7480	65	0	10150	
35	Rs. 20000.00 Cash Through IME to migrant returnee and COVID 19 affected HHs to Revive the Business	63	65	128	0	45	26	2	0	55	
36	Support to small scale suppliers and traders affected by COVID-19 for recovering supply chain of agriculture products	7	0	7	0	0	4	0		3	
37	BCC Reach	13871	13143	27014	0	0	0	0	0	0	

38	HIV Testing	9291	7682	16973	0	0	0	0	0	0	HIV/TB Migrants Project
39	New HIV Case identification	12	14	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	ART Enrollment	11	13	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	Condom Distribution	85087	50407	135494	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42	TB Screening	13847	13138	26985	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43	PWID reached & prevention	1,388	-	1,388	0	0	0	0	0	0	PWIDs Project
44	Needles and syringes distributed for IDUs	95,872	-	95,872	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45	Condom distributed	69,949	-	69,949	0	0	0	0	0	0	
46	PWID - HIV test	1,338	-	1,338	0	0	0	0	0	0	
47	Determine reactive cases through CLT	6	-	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	
48	KP PreV(Prevention)	249	437	686	22	175	124	0	0	387	EpiC Nepal Project
49	HTS_TST_POS	17	16	34	3	8	3	0	0	23	
50	TX_NEW	33	35	68	6	29	5	0	0	45	
51	PrEP_NEW	4	94	98	0	21	32	0	0	45	
52	Viral load testing	356	519	875	198	268	157	0	0	450	
53	Number of Index Case	584	426	1010	0	187	565	74	1010	184	DID, Stop Leprosy Project
54	Contact Population participating in SDR / PEP	11855	12778	24633	0	4217	14177	74	0	6165	
55	LPEP Oriented to Health Worker / FCHV	575	342	917	0	23	368	0	0	526	
56	Distribution of Disability Assistance Mobility Materials	109	89	198	7	35	47	198	2	107	
57	Involvement of persons with disabilities in cooperatives	213	175	388	9	85	176	388	20	98	

58	Creating profiles of persons with disabilities	1394	1141	2535	16	235	875	2535	25	1384	
59	Number of persons receiving disability identity card through Project Support	1394	1141	2535	16	235	875	2535	25	1384	
60	Beneficiaries supported with Physiotherapy services in 2021.	241	135	376	NA	51	63	255	2	0	Physical Rehabilitation Activity Project
61	Beneficiaries supported with 165 assistive devices.	102	45	147	NA	24	24	101	2	0	
62	Clients benefited from Tele-Rehabilitation services.	177	93	270	NA	35	77	270	0	0	
63	Services beneficiaries supported with essential health products.	133	60	193	NA	31	45	143	2	0	
	Total	341456	140369	481817	925	17933	46333	7880	1120	42383	

In the year 2021, NNSWA supported, orientated, trained, or benefited 481817 (Male: 341456, Female: 140369) through all the implemented projects directly and indirectly. Among the total beneficiaries 925 were single women, 17933 were from Dalit communities, 46333 were from the Janjati communities, 7880 were PwDs, 1120 were Leprosy Affected People and 42383 were from other (Brahmin, chhetri etc.). As NNSWA vision for an equitable society the benefited groups were mostly from the 3D communities.

9. Major Challenges and Mitigation

NNSWA, a Civil Society Organization categorized as None Government Organization faced many challenges while implementing the projects in community level. In 2021 the COVID 19 pandemic created major challenges to implement originally planned intervention in community level. This challenge was not only for the NNSWA but also for all over the world scenario. Due to spread of COVID 19 and all the markets, offices were in lockdown situation and most of marginalized communities got problematic situation. The outsider population was back in their home and jobless situation was increased.

The health facilities were suffering due to the overwhelming services required both general and COVID 19 infected. Similarly, the stock of the foodstuffs was decreasing day by day at community level. NNSWA a humanitarian response organization as emergency response team and moving all local areas for finding out the situation and providing support where required.

During the CO ID-19 response movement NNSWA's employees had caught COVID 19 and infected as COVID positive. To mitigate all these challenges, NNSWA had to re-plan some of the programs and respond to the COVID 19 impact in the community level and Local Government Level. NNSWA distributed Health Equipments to the Municipalities for managing the quarantine, isolations and protecting of the frontline health workers.

Similarly, NNSWA distributed the foodstuffs and COVID 19 protecting materials and awareness to the marginalized communities in the Municipality level. To keep all safety measures and coordinates with the local government and DCCMC, NNSWA implemented all the planned activities and also response to the COVID 19 as a frontline working organization in the districts.

10. Lesson Learned:

We learned lessons in field level, during the COVID 19 lockdown that gave us very crucial understanding. The civil society role was highly important to raise the awareness and other humanitarian response. Similarly, the Civil Society should be flexible in such pandemic situation for the humanitarian response and providing technologies with resources to the community and Local Government to save the lives of the people.

The Organization which works for the response should have a fund which can be used for emergency situation such as COVID 19 and other disasters.

11. Monitoring and Supervision by Executive Board (EB) and SMT:

The projects were monitored by the EB and SMT in regular basis. NNSWA Executive Board divided the roles for carrying out supportive monitoring of projects in community level from among its members who had been monitoring for their responsible projects. Similarly, the SMT had also monitoring role of guiding to the field-based staff as project's objectives and anticipated results. The all-project staff meetings were conducted in monthly basis jointly in Central Office to share about their progress, new practices, innovations and any other challenges to the participants. NNSWA has been trying to bring synergy among project those implementing by the NNSWA management through these meetings. The Executive Board monitoring report was also discussed during the monthly meeting of staff as feedback or compliment better implementation of the project.

Financial Reports

Budget Vs Expenditure 2021

Sr.#	Name of Projects	Project Duration	Budget 2021	Expenses 2021	Balance
1	People with injecting Drug (PWID)	16th March 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	7,006,581.20	6,504,909.34	501,671.86
2	HIV/TB Migrant Project	16th March 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	11,859,718.73	9,083,307.08	2,776,411.65
3	EpiC Nepal Project	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	14,453,813.00	12,896,910.00	1,556,903.00
4	SUAAHARA-2	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	18,718,230.27	18,703,230.27	15,000.00
5	Saphal Project	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	7,709,717.15	7,709,717.15	0.00
6	Uthan Project	1st Jan 2020 to 31st Dec 2022	27,638,449.10	19,500,000.00	8,138,449.10
7	Fish Gift Project	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	1,231,939.00	1,231,939.00	-
8	Bicycle Supports	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	1,098,990.00	1,098,990.00	-
9	DERF/ HIPPIN	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	5,852,586.16	5,852,586.16	-
10	Covid Response	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	7,512,175.00	6,009,740.00	1,502,435.00
11	Nexus UDRRM Project	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	9,412,921.08	9,412,921.08	-
12	DID & Stop Leprosy	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	7,908,973.00	7,908,973.00	-
13	PRA Project	1st Jan 2021 to 31st Dec 2021	4,502,900.00	3,700,850.14	802,049.86
Total			124,906,993.69	109,614,073.22	15,292,920.47

13. Funding and Technical Partners:

NNSWA has been implementing the multi sectoral integrated community development projects with the close partnership of the following funding and technical partners.

Sr.#	Name of Funding and Technical Partners	Implementing Projects	Project Districts
1	Save the Children/Goble Fund	HIV/TB Migrant, PWIDs	Kanchanpur, Kailali and Surkhet
2	Family Health International (FHI 360)	EpiC Nepal Project	Kanchanpur and Kailali
3	Helen Keller International	Suaahara II Project	Kanchanpur
4	DAN-CHURCH AID	SAPHAL, UTHAN, DERF, Gift Fund, Covid 19 Response	Kanchanpur
5	Handicap International	Physical Rehabilitation Services for PwDs	All districts of Sudur Paschim Province
6	Netherlands Leprosy Relief (NLR)	DID, Stop Leprosy	All districts of Sudur Paschim Province
7	MOWCSC	Artificial Limbs, Assistive Devices Development and Distribution to PwDs	All districts of Sudur Paschim Province
8	Local Government	Physical Rehabilitation Services to PwDs	All districts of Sudur Paschim Province as District Disability Plan
9	ACF (Stand by Partner for DRRM)	DRRM	All districts of Sudur Paschim Province

14. Conclusion:

NNSWA accomplished all the planned activities within different projects in 2021. Although, there were many challenges in 2021 such as COVID 19 pandemic, lockdown, infection of NNSWA employees were some obstacle to conduct activities freely in the community. NNSWA as an organization working in coordination with local government, and participation of targeted communities for implementing the activities were made easy to the NNSWA team. To work in peak disease pandemic, lockdown and community services was important which gave high level of lesson learning to work in any condition for NNSWA.

During this year many technologies for the ecological agriculture farming, strengthening community groups, networking and cooperatives mobilization to build resilient community for livelihood, Climate Change and DRR were implemented in coordination with local government. Support to the local government for formulation, review and update of the policies, guideline on agriculture, Climate Change and DRRM were the good initiations of the projects. Many people were tested on HIV and Leprosy and they got treatment for making their lives longer. Bio-Flock fish farming, CSBE, green fund and community were involved for an action research on vegetable farming system, community groups, networking, CSOs were more actively developed their skill knowledge on their own particular areas.

Local CSOs were involved to apprise the community of protecting from the COVID 19 along with the project team at their own community. The local government also gave priority and value to the NNSWA's participation and interventions for all parts of the development and COVID 19 protective measure. NNSWA implemented the community development programs and projects to build the community resilient and ensure their rights, response to humanitarian requirement, climate change and DRR based on integrated community-based development.

Thanks

NNSWA, Kanchanpur